Approved	For Release	2001/11/15 : CM	<b>44RDP73</b> 9 June 1	3 <mark>00296R0003</mark> 1971	D0240018-	4
	TO:					
	Direct ROOM NO.	tor of Finan				
	616	Key Buildi:	ng			
	REMARKS:			<del></del>	-	
	Mr. B	ush:				
:	package do not ha have sen	have not sensince it is volve sufficient tyou the materou would be	duminou copies, erial in	us and we but I which I		
				STATINTL		
	FROM:		-	STATINTL		
	ROOM NO.	BUILDING	OLC	EXTENSION	-	AT!
:	7 D 35			6136		
	FORM NO . 241	REPLACES FORM 36-8 WHICH MAY BE USED.		(4)	0	

State Dept. declassification & release instructions on file

File-D/State = Sac son

SUBJECT: (Optional)						
FROM:			EXTENSION	NO.		
Office of Legislative	e Counse					
			6136	9 June 1971		
TO: (Officer designation, room number, and building)	D	DATE		COMMENTS (Number each comment 3 show from		
	RECEIVED	FORWARDED	OFFICER'S INITIALS	to whom. Draw a line across column after each con		
1.				State has sent us their pro		
				posed omnibus amendments to		
2.				Foreign Service Retirement A hoping this would facilitate out		
				early review and, if appropria		
3.				support if OMB formally requi		
				our comments. You will note that mer their		
4.				(and our) actuary's projection,		
				long as we continue to have frequent pay raises, the apput to		
5.				Fund from the 30-yea amorti		
				of the newly created ununded		
6.				liability will more than offset		
				normal cost deficit.		
7.				While many of the amendment are designed to catch up to rec		
				liberalizations in the Svil Ser		
8.				system, one terminates future		
	İ		1.0	annuities for surviving spouse		
8.		<u> </u>		below age 60, thus ending one		
•	ļ			the major differences between Foreign Service and other sys		
				with respect to treatment of su		
10.				viving spouses. Also State is		
			·	proposing an increase in maxi		
11.				annuity from 70 to 80%, again, a supplemental annuity for rec		
				periods of less than five years		
11.						
13.						
			b. 21	<u> </u>		
14.				ST		
15.		<del> </del>		(Note: Copies sent to		

# Approved For Release 2001/11/15 : CIA-RDP73B00296R000300240018-4 DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON

JUN 2 197

STATINTL

Office of Legislative Council Central Intelligence Agency Washington, D. C. 20505

Dear Lyle:

Per our recent conversation, attached are copies of proposed retirement legislation we are forwarding to OMB.

We would very much appreciate your expeditious consideration and support of these proposals.

Sincerely,

Robert B. Hull, Jr.

Personnel Management and Analysis Staff

Attachment:

Three copies of legislation

### paroved For Release 2001/11/15 : CIA-RDP73B00296R000300240018-4

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

The Honorable George P. Shultz, Director Office of Management and Budget

Dear Mr. Shultz:

In accordance with established procedure, there are enclosed for your review a number of proposed Foreign Service retirement and related amendments of the Foreign Service Act of 1946.

These amendments are designed to facilitate and improve administration of the retirement system and to provide equity to officers and employees of the Foreign Service. The need for many of these changes was identified by the recent Task Forces on Management Reform. A detailed explanation and justification for each change is included.

Many of the proposed amendments involve changes in Foreign Service survivor benefits to equate Foreign Service benefits with corresponding Civil Service benefits. These changes are needed to provide equity to present participants in the Foreign Service retirement system. They are especially urgent at this time because personnel converting to the Foreign Service retirement system under the Foreign Affairs Specialist program naturally want to be assured that their benefits under that system are equivalent to benefits they now have under the Civil Service retirement system. These proposed amendments are necessary to ensure this.

Many of the proposed retirement amendments have been delayed for the past several years pending resolution of the retirement funding problem. This problem was greatly alleviated by enactment in 1970 of Public Law 91-201 providing for payment of interest on the unfunded liability and for appropriations to amortize, in total, the unfunded liability

## Approved For Release 2001/11/116R GIAGROP7.3B00296R000300240018-4

FOR ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON

## MEMORANDUM

TO: H - Mr. Abshire

FROM: O - William B. Macomber, Jr.

SUBJECT: Proposed Foreign Service Retirement Amendments

Attached for your signature is a letter to the Director of OMB requesting clearance on amendments of the Foreign Service Act to improve the Foreign Service retirement system. The amendments would implement Task Force action items 322, 323, 324 and 327 and make a number of other improvements in the retirement system.

A summary of the proposals is included as the first enclosure under the transmittal letter to OMB.

Many of these proposals have been delayed for several years pending an agreement on retirement financing. Basically OMB has been reluctant to approve new benefits until arrangements are worked out to pay the full Foreign Service normal cost. Only about half this cost is now being paid and the annual deficit at the current payroll level is about \$14 million. Anazingly, however, the Actuary has made a new study which indicates that this amount may not be needed as long as we continue to have frequent pay raises. This is because, under these conditions, appropriations to amortize the unfunded liability created by pay raises in the long run will more than offset the normal cost deficit. On this basis and as explained more fully in the letter to OMB, we are recommending that as long as the Fund continues to increase, we continue present financing practices.

## Approved For Release 2001/11/15 : CIA-RDP73B00296R000300240018-4

Many of the proposals involve changing Foreign Service survivor benefits to equate them with present Civil Service benefits. Two of these changes may be controversial. One such is the proposed termination of future annuities to widows and widowers upon their remarriage below age 60. Such annuities have always continued for life in the Foreign Service. The proposed curtailment may provoke strong protests from employee groups. Nevertheless, we believe the Department should propose this change.

Continuation of Foreign Service annuities for life was reasonable when an officer was required to accept a reduction in his own annuity by an amount sufficient to totally offset the cost of the survivor benefit. The required reduction was substantially reduced in 1960 and under the attached, would be reduced still further and will not begin to pay the cost of a survivor annuity. This change, coupled with the proposed extension of survivor annuities to nondependent widowers and to spouses acquired after retirement and the lowering of the service requirement in 1970 so that a young widow or widower can qualify for a survivor annuity after a death in Service with as little as 18 months of service, make the present policy questionable.

We do not think there is any possibility that the Department could secure an increase in some Foreign Service survivor benefits to catch up with the Civil Service while retaining this one benefit that exceeds Civil Service benefits and that can no longer be justified.

If we must lose this benefit, we believe the Department should propose this reduction rather than be requested to do so by CSC and OMB. A recommendation from the Department proposing to retain this benefit would give our critics in those agencies an opportunity to flail this as an "irresponsible" proposal. It would lessen chances for favorable consideration of other special requests, especially on financing, grants to certain widows and supplemental benefits to certain retired personnel.

The other survivorship change that may be controversial is the proposed elimination of the requirement for all males who are married at retirement to elect at least a minimum survivor annuity. This provision was added in 1965 at the suggestion of the House Foreign Affairs Committee because of so many requests for grants to Foreign Service widows left without annuities.

This situation arose because of the especially high cost for an officer to elect a survivor annuity prior to 1960. Under these proposed amendments, a \$2400 survivor annuity could be elected by a reduction of only \$167 in the retiree's annuity. This contrasts with the current cost of \$300 and the cost prior to 1960 of \$1200.

This proposal would equate the Foreign Service formula with the Civil Service formula. Under the latter system, 93% of the married male retirees elect a survivor benefit. We would expect the same proportion to prevail in the Foreign Service.

The present mandatory requirement is unfair to those few officers who retire when they are in the process of divorce or whose wives have a terminal illness. Naturally if the Foreign Affairs Committee is not convinced by this argument, the Department, at that time, could drop this proposal.

If you have no objection, as soon as you have signed the attached letter to OMB, we would like to send copies to CSC and CIA, two certain OMB clearance points, and request expeditious action.

## Recommendation

That you sign the attached letter to OMB.

### Attachment:

Letter to OMB with enclosures, for signature.

PMS/PA: RBHull: cal 5/14/71 X21273

## Approved For Release 2001/11/15 : CIA-RDP73B00296R000300240018-4

created by future pay raises and benefit improvements. order to appraise the effect of this Act, the Government Actuary in the Treasury Department has constructed a static computer model (no future pay raises) and a dynamic model (assuming pay raises of  $3\frac{1}{2}$  percent per annum) to project the future course of the retirement fund over the next 80 years assuming continued payment of approximately one-half of the normal cost of the system, i.e. continuation of the present employee 7 percent contribution, matching 7 percent agency contribution and about 12 percent from participants in payment for prior service credit. Under the static model, the fund becomes exhausted in the year 2025. In the dynamic model, the retirement fund continues to rise in proportion to annual benefit payments and by the year 2050, it exceeds \$14 billion. This is 10 times the projected benefit payments for that year and compares to the present ratio of the fund being double annual benefits.

In the near future, we plan to submit additional amendments of the Foreign Service Act involving medical and travel authority, alien personnel and general administrative matters. We believe the Foreign Relations and the Foreign Affairs Committees will want to consider all proposed amendments of the Foreign Service Act at one time. Accordingly, we propose to combine all proposed amendments in a single bill covering retirement, travel, medical, alien personnel and general administrative matters. For this reason, we have not included here a draft bill or covering transmittal letter to the Speaker. We will prepare these after we have obtained your clearance on all of the proposed amendments.

In lieu of a draft bill, we are attaching for your review at this time comparable text showing present and proposed language for each section we propose to amend and an explanation of each amendment. We trust this procedure will meet with your approval.

There is also enclosed a summary description of the proposed amendments, a cost estimate and summary of the Actuary's projections.

# Approved For Release 2001/11/15 : CIA-RDP73B00296R000300240018-4

We would appreciate your prompt consideration of these amendments and clearance for submission to the Congress.

Sincerely,

David M. Abshire Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations

## Enclosures:

- 1. Summary description of amendments
- 2. Summary of actuarial projections
- 3. Comparable text and explanation
- 4. Cost estimate